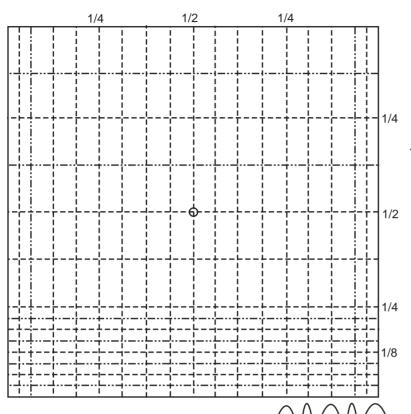
Complex (Singapore)

The model captures the moment of the eagle as it closes in on its prey.

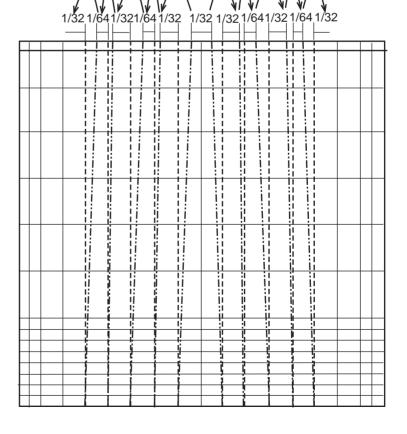
A 60 cm square gives a 38 cm wing-span model. Use good 110g paper for best effect.

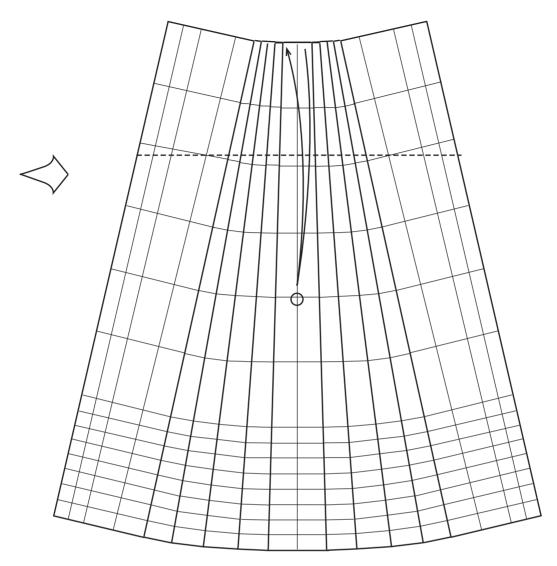
Note: Many of the folds do not flatten completely. Do not force as this could tear the paper.



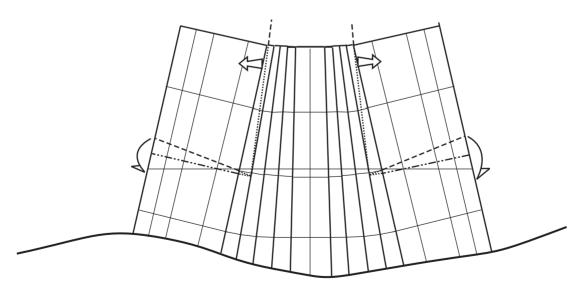
1. Crease (fold and unfold) paper along the valley and mountain fold lines. Fold first into 1/2, then 1/4, then 1/8, then1/16 and finally 1/32. Follow the valley and mountain folding pattern.

2. Pleat fold. These are nonparallel pleats or V-pleats. 6 of these have 1/32 overlap at top and 4 of these1/64.

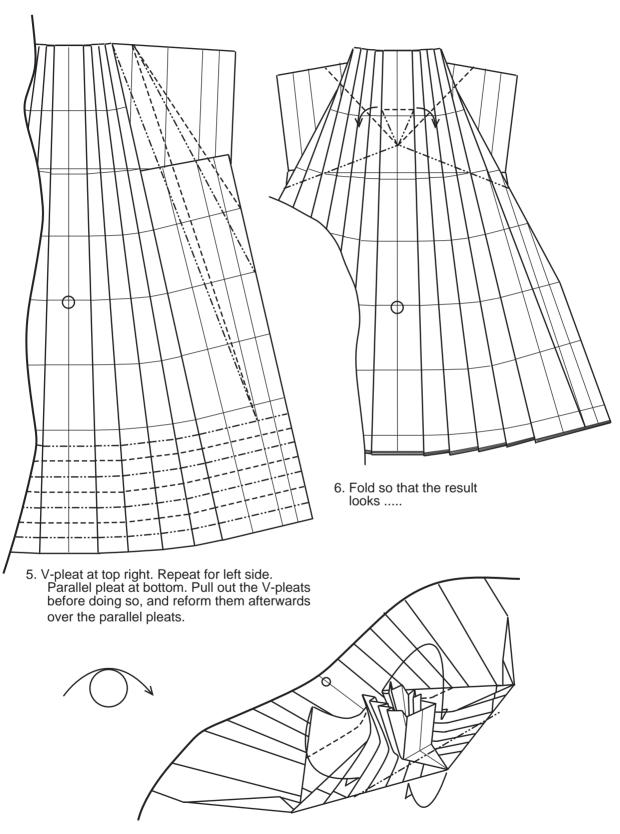




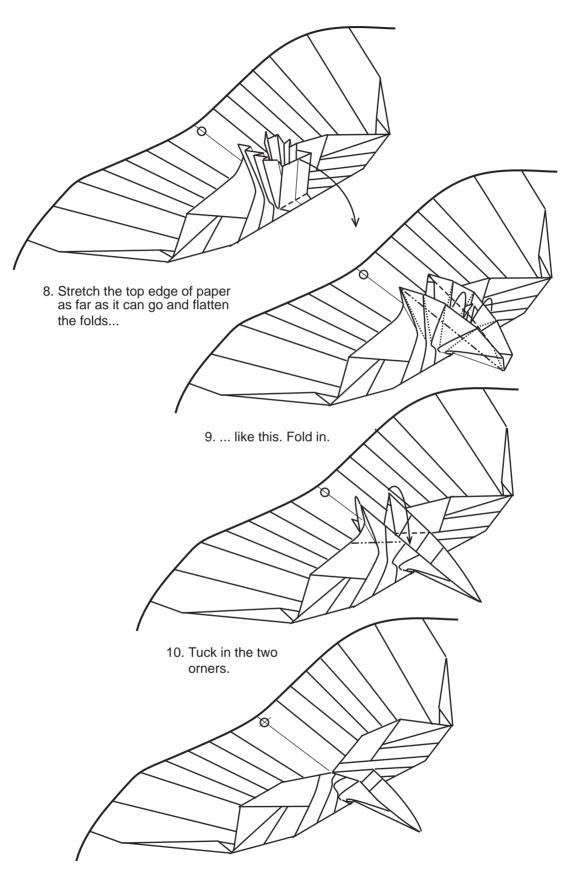
3. Fold and unfold. To assist, align a straignt edge along fold.



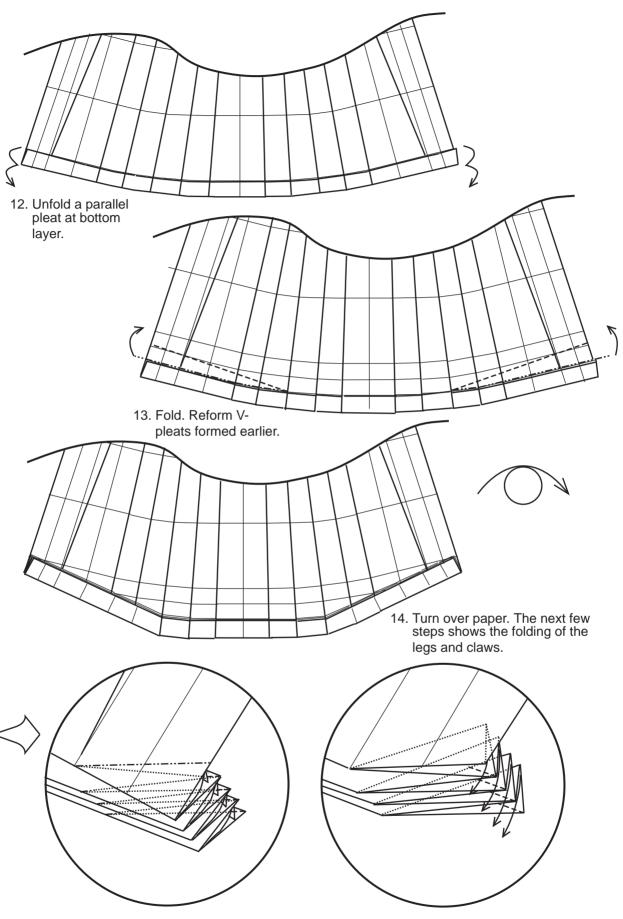
4. Pull out top of outer pleat on either side and fold. Mountain folds are along original creases.



7. like this, as viewed from below. Fold triangle to back and tuck in the two corners of the paper into the pleat folds.

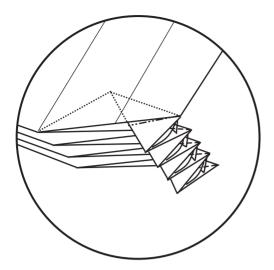


11. ...like this. Turn paper to point head upwards, without turning over paper.

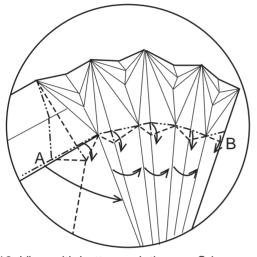


15. Magnified view of bottom right corner for right leg. Reverse fold 4 corners.

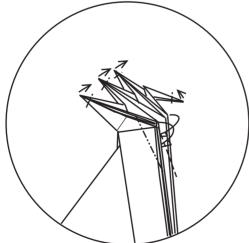
16. Again, reverse fold 4 corners.



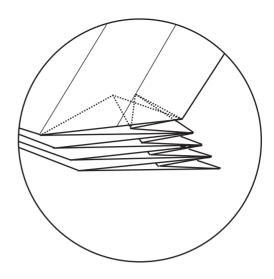
17. Reverse fold 4 corners one more time.



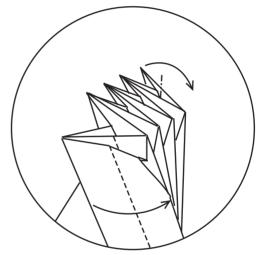
19. View with bottom pointing up. Crimp fold at base of eagle's toes. AB should be a straight line along crease line formed earlier on paper. Collapse foot area



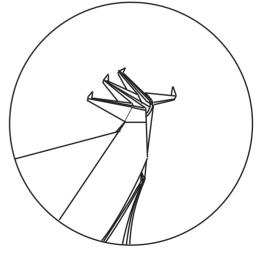
21. Reverse fold the tips to form the talons of the claws. Tuck in the corners, three layers by three layers.



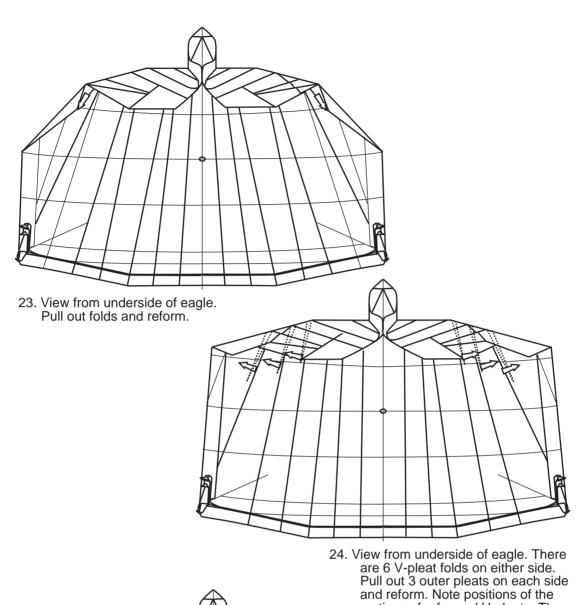
18. Carefully spread out the folds.

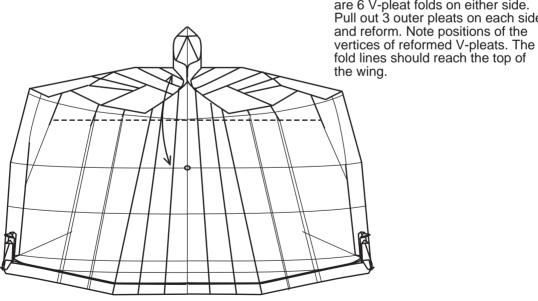


20. ... like this. Fold back point on extreme right to form back claw. Reform fold along left edge of paper. Spread out the three front claws.

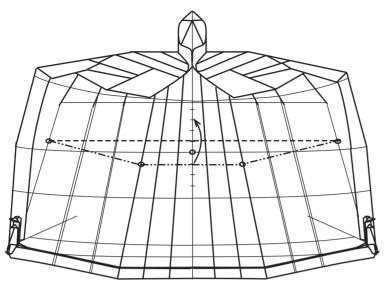


22. Repeat Steps 15 to 21 for left leg. Do not worry that folds do not hold together at this stage. If you are not using foil-backed paper, you can apply wet-folding techniques to bind the folds together later.

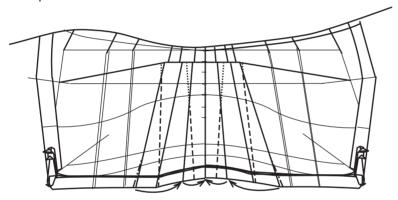




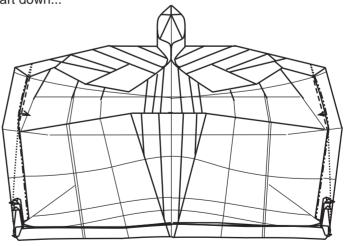
25. Crease such that line lies slightly above the vertices of the V-pleats. Note positions of both ends of the fold line.



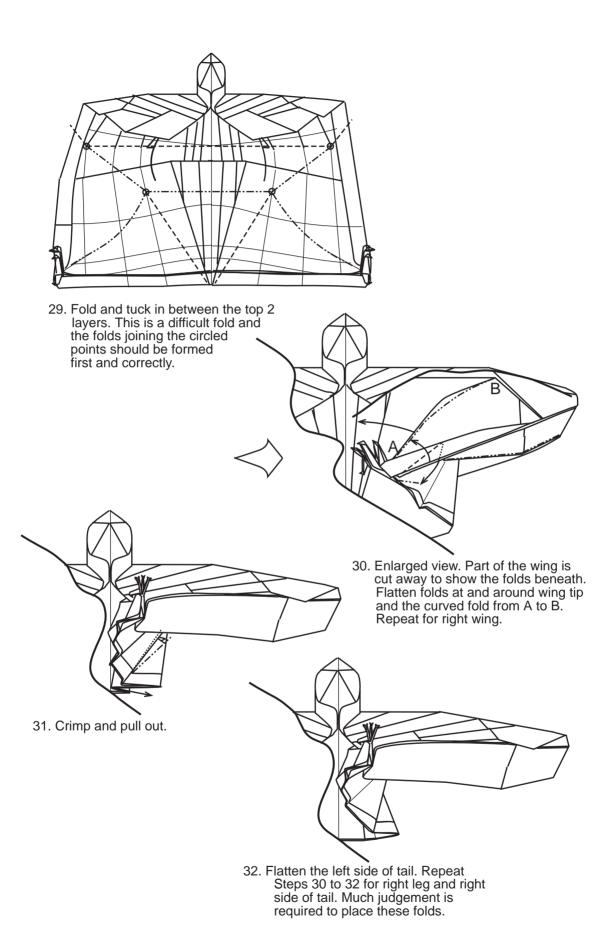
26. Crease valley and mountain folds first before folding. Note carefully where the valley and mountain fold lines are positioned.

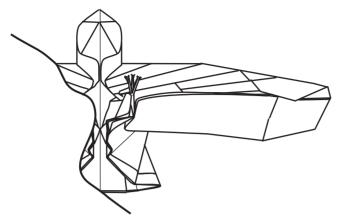


27. Folds do not flatten. Centre of bottom is lifted up. Reform the V-folds to bring this part down...

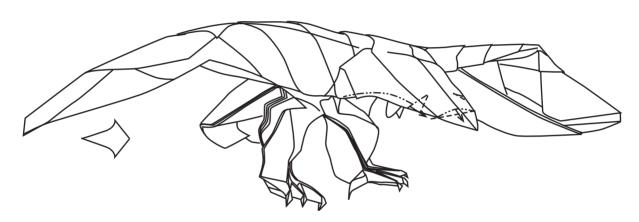


28. ...like this. Reform parallel pleats on both sides.





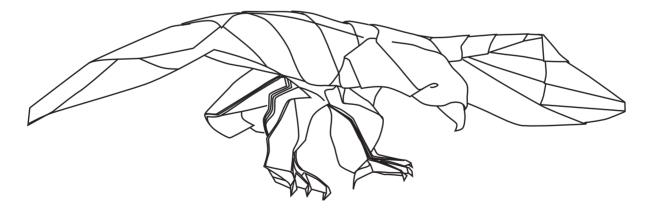
33. Completed right wing and right side of tail shown.



34. Only the head remains unfinished.

Make crimp folds for eyes and beak. Bend tip of beak downwards.

Narrow neck further to lock the crimp folds at neck.



35. THE EAGLE HAS LANDED!